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Chou Says Peking and Moscow Will Stand Together in a Crisis

Premier Chou En-lai of Communist China has declared that what he described as 'a dispute' between brothers would never find China and the Soviet Union apart in a time of world crisis.

Mr. Chou's opinions were aired last night over Channel 13 in a broadcast of National Educational Television. The program, taped in Peking before the Premier left on his African trip, was an interview given by Mr. Chou to Felix Greene, a former representative of the British Broadcasting Corporation.

In a second, separate, part of the one-hour broadcast, Roger Hilsman Jr., Assistant Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs, discussed the Premier's views with Saville Davis of The Christian Science Monitor.

Differences Concluded

"There are differences in principle between us and the Soviet leadership on a number of major problems of Marxism-Leninism," Mr. Chou conceded in reply to a question. Speaking in Chinese, he continued:

"They constitute a dispute inside the international Communist movement. In the end, these differences will surely be resolved and the movement is bound to become stronger and firmer as a result."

He condemned as despicable efforts by reactionaries to drive a wedge between Peking and Moscow. "But as I see it, they had better not rejoice too soon," he added.

Mr. Chou asserted that the fundamental interests of China and the Soviet Union were the same, "an objective fact and no one can deny it."

He added: "Whatever happens, the fraternal Chinese and Soviet peoples will stand together in any storm that breaks out in the world arena."

Later Mr. Hilsman objected

that American policy had not changed with respect to the Soviet Union and China. "It is the behavior of the two that is different," he explained and added:

"What is different, recently, is that the Chinese Communists have remained in this hard Stalinist cold war posture whereas the Soviet Union has behaved more responsibly."

Isolation Is Denied

Much of what Mr. Chou said prior to his African trip was repeated in Cairo, Algiers, Tunis, and Accra. He stressed the peaceful intentions of his country and the belief that Peking was not isolated. Indeed, the Premier contended that, as things are now developing, Communist China has a growing number of friends and those who "are really isolated are the imperialists and reactionaries."

Mr. Hilsman defined United States policy in the face of China's challenge as one of "firmness, flexibility and dispassion."

Most important of all, Mr. Hilsman said, was "dispassion," by which he meant that the complicated problems posed by China today must be approached "coolly, unemotionally, objectively, with the best interests of the United States and of all of our allies, and of humanity as a whole, in our minds."

Trial by strength was mentioned by both the Premier and Mr. Hilsman. Mr. Chou said that "we believe that only by demonstrating the will to fight to the end can people deter imperialism from reckless adventures."

Mr. Hilsman observed: "I think the Chinese Communists would be hesitant to do anything that didn't take into account the strength of the free world."